

## Review Questions

1. **What did the daily round of service during the year typify?** (The work of confessing sins and leaving them with Christ in the heavenly sanctuary. Page 187)
2. **Will Christ always bear the sins of the world?** (No. There will come a time when He will blot out the last trace of sin from the books of heaven. Page 187)
3. **Will the righteous then be called upon to once more bear these sins?** (No. The sins of the righteous will be laid upon Satan, the originator of sin. Page 187)
4. **What will be the final destiny of Satan, sin and sinners?** (They will be consumed in the lake of fire. Page 187)
5. **What was a type of the “investigative judgment”?** (The work in the second apartment of the sanctuary, also known as the day of atonement or the cleansing of the sanctuary. Page 188)
6. **What was a pledge or assurance of the judgment?** (Give a Scriptural reference to support this. The resurrection of Christ as found in Acts 17:31. Page 188)
7. **What were the priests doing in the court while the high priest was performing the daily service within the sanctuary?** (They were burning the whole burnt-offering, the meat offering, and the drink-offering upon the brazen altar. Page 183)
8. **Where do we find a Scriptural reference that refers to the beginning of this period of the judgment?** (“*And he said unto me, Unto two thousand and three hundred days; then shall the sanctuary be cleansed.*” Daniel 8:14. Page 188)
9. **Who was the Wonderful Numberer spoken of in Daniel 8?** (Christ, the Prince of hosts. Page 189)

10. **When Daniel did not understand the vision, who did God send to help him understand?** (Gabriel. Page 190)
11. **What individuals were represented by the ram and the rough goat?** (The ram as the kings of Media and Persia and the rough goat was the king of Grecia—Alexander the Great. Page 190)
12. **What was the significance of the four horns which took the place of the large horn on the rough goat?** (This represented the four kingdoms into which Grecia would be divided after the death of Alexander. Page 190)
13. **What was represented by the little horn that grew out of one of these horns?** (The Roman Kingdom. Page 190)
14. **What were some of the things prophesied about this little horn?** (It would destroy the people of God, and would even stand up against the Prince of princes Himself when He should come to this earth. Page 190)
15. **What was Daniel's response to this little horn?** (It was more than he could endure. When he saw that this power would even take the life of the Prince of princes, he fainted. Page 190)
16. **What did Daniel do when he recovered from his illness?** (He began to pray for a full explanation of the vision. Page 190)
17. **How long did it take God to answer his prayer?** (When he began to pray, God in heaven commissioned Gabriel to go immediately and answer the prophet's prayer. Page 190)
18. **What remained of the explanation of the vision?** (The answer to the question: *"How long shall be the vision concerning the daily sacrifice, and the transgression of desolation, to give both the sanctuary and the host to be trodden under foot?"* Page 191)
19. **What word was added to Daniel 8:13 by man's wisdom and does not belong to the text?** ("Sacrifice." Page 191)

20. **The prophecy of Daniel 8:14 which tells of the 2300 days definitely locates which two of the greatest events in the history of the world?** (Christ's ministry and sacrifice on earth and the opening of the great tribunal or judgment in heaven. Page 192)
21. **What does the word "*determined*" signify?** (Cut off from a larger period of time. Page 192)
22. **What longer period of time was the 70 weeks cut off from?** (From the 2300 days. Page 192)
23. **Give two Biblical references that show that a prophetic day equals a literal year.** (Numbers 14:34 and Ezekiel 4:6. Page 193)
24. **How many years do the 70 weeks designate?** (70 times 7 = 490 years. Page 193)
25. **What 6 things were the Jewish people to accomplish in that 70 weeks?**
- 1) To finish the transgression,
  - 2) to make an end of sin,
  - 3) to make reconciliation for iniquity,
  - 4) to bring in everlasting righteousness,
  - 5) to seal up the vision and
  - 6) to anoint the Most Holy. (Pages 193-194)
26. **What event was to distinguish the start of this time period?** (The going forth of the commandment to restore and rebuild Jerusalem. Page 194)
27. **What was the date for this commandment and when did it go into effect?** (The year was 457 B.C. but it did not go into effect until the Spring of 456 B.C. Page 194)
28. **At the end of 69 weeks the Messiah was to appear. What date would this be and what happened in the life of Christ at this time?** (The spring of 27 A.D. Christ was anointed by the Holy Spirit at His baptism and hence became the Anointed One—Messiah. Page 195)

29. **Why did the Jew's probation continue to the end of the 70 weeks even though Christ was cut off in the midst of the 70th week?** (The entire 70 weeks' time period was "*determined*" upon the Jews. Page 195)
30. **What event completed the 70th week and scattered the Gospel to the Gentiles?** (The stoning of Stephen. Page 195)
31. **When was the entire 2300 day prophecy to end?** ( $2300 - 490 = 1810 + 34 = 1844$  A.D. Page 195)
32. **What was to take place at the end of the 2300 days?** (The cleansing of the sanctuary. Page 195)
33. **What fixed a great seal upon the entire prophecy and insures the inheritance of the earth to the faithful?** (The coming of Christ and His death upon Calvary. Page 197)

### **More Study**

See the book *The Story of Daniel the Prophet*, by Stephen Haskell.

See the book *With Jesus in His Sanctuary*, by Leslie Hardinge.

### **Mark Your Bible**

Write a summary of your study and then mark your Bible.

### **Share**

Share at least once a week what you have learned.

### **Activity**

Draw a chart of the 2300 days from memory and be able to explain it to another person. (See page 196 for help.)